The Saturday Evening Post

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CONDITIONS.

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A Letter Box will be found at the gate (No. 53 Market street) where Advertisements and Communications may be deposited—or they will be thankfully received in the Office back.

FROM TAPPAN'S POEMS.

I CANNOT BUT SIGH.

I cannot but sigh, when the friends of my youth,
Who repaid with loud ardour the love that I gave,
Who tendered their pledge on the altar of truth,
Forgetful, return to their rest in the grave.

I cannot but sigh, when the visions of joy
That rose on gay childhood, and sought to allure,
Like the dreams of the wretched but smil'd to destroy,
Or adorn the bright sacrifices they fail'd to ensure.

I cannot but sigh, when futurity's scroll,
Unfolding, gives sign of no pleasure in store;
When regret for the past still remains on the soul,
While the present is lost in aspiring to more.

I cannot but sigh, when heart-stricken, I scan
The victims of misery that flow down the stream,
And e'en while recounting the bliss of frail man,
I cannot but sigh, for that bliss is a dream.

WOMAN's TEARS.

WHAT cannot virtuous man endure,
Of peril, toil or strife!
With conscience clear, of honour pure,
He walks erect through life.

But let him see in woman's eye,
The slowly starting tear;
And let him hear her plaintive sigh,
And you unman him there.

The tears to lovely woman given,
Are mercy's heralds here;
The seeds of pity, dropp'd from heaven,
To be regather'd there.

As kindling oil, on generous fire,
Lights up its warmest rays;
So tears do manly hearts inspire,
With honor's sacred blaze.

THE HOME-SICK LEGISLATOR.

Oh! dear belov'd, sequester'd spot, ah, when
Shall I behold my peaceful home again?
My little babes—when feel their dear embrace—
When view the joyful tear bedew each face!
And then my wife, the partner of my joys,
And smiling mother of my girl's and boys,
When shall I greet her!—when, oh tell me when
I shall behold my wife and babes again!

Toil, tumult, ceremony, vain parade,
Destroy my comfort, and confuse my head.
Motion on motion, reference and report,
In fine, the doings of a general court,
Have worn my very spirits to the bone—
My peace is fled, my appetite is gone.

Alas, I was not made to legislate;
I cannot flatter and I will not prate.
Let those whose nerves are stronger than a chain,
Who will not feel a kick, nor wince at pain—
Who love to bluster, prattle, and prepare
Speeches to make the very natives stare—
Let such, kind Heaven, through legislation roam,
Give me my Wife, my Children, and my Home!

A Bachelor's Soliloquy on Marriage.

A PARODY

To marry—or not to marry—that's the question.
Whether 'tis better to go on and bear with
The plagues and sorrows of a single life,
Or to take up arms against a sea of troubles,
And, by wedding, end them?—To marry—to rove
No more!—And by this act at once to cure
The heart-ach, and all the nameless ills
Celibacy is heir to!—'Tis a consummation
Devoutly to be wish'd! To wed, and love—
To dream, perhaps to *wake*—Aye, there's the rub!
For in that dreamless state, what change may come
When Hymen's yoke is put upon our necks?
'Tis best to pause. This is the chilling thought
That makes celibacy so oft our choice.
For, who would bear the ridicule and jests—
The epithet of 'hoary-headed bachelor'—
A lone and joyless home—a frozen heart—
The quizzing glance of beauty—and like sport,
Which all the wedded of the single make,
When he might his condition alter
For one poor guinea! Who would thus be teaz'd,
And close away an useless single life,
But that the fear of something after marriage,
(That untried never-slip-knot, from whose bonds
No votary can get loose,) puzzles our will
And makes us rather bear the ills we have
Than trust to others that we know not of.
Thus something does make cowards of us all—
Thus our best, our noblest resolutions
Are sicklied o'er with the pale cast of thought,
And every joy connubial union offers,
With this regard is dash'd—our lineage lost
And we sink in oblivion.

MEDITATION.

As I walk'd by myself, I said to myself,
And myself said again to me;
Look to thyself, take care of thyself
For nobody cares for thee.
Then I said to myself, and then answer'd myself
With the self same repartee,
Look to thyself or look not to thyself,
'Tis the self-same thing to me.

Moral and Religious.

RELIGION.—They who pretend to exalt religion above reason, are its most pernicious enemies, they tend to make it impracticable, since that which is given as a rule of life, ought not to be superior to the faculties by which we judge of our duties.

Religious principle is of little value indeed, if it merely keeps us in the slavish fear of going notoriously wrong, without spurring us on to right action. It was not for an end so poor and circumscribed that the Divine Being created us, and stamped upon our minds his own image. It was not for this that he has called us to the hope of a better inheritance. It was to rouse us to act with him and for him; to translate us from the dominion of fear to the empire of hope; from passive submission to active service; from awe to love, and from death to life; up to this beautiful idea should we endeavor always to lift our minds. We may faint and fall short, but our motives and principles are stronger than ourselves.

HOPE.

In man's journey through life, the numerous disappointments incident to it, would reduce him to despair and render his existence miserable, did not Hope, when every probability failed, buoy his declining spirits. Even in the fall from riches to poverty, from liberty to dependence, we constantly dwell on the pleasing hope that, in a future day, the burden of misfortune will be lightened, and we, perhaps, be restored to our former condition.

When we anxiously expect the arrival of a dear friend, whose presence would dispel the gloom of the mind, and his long delay inclines us to despond, a ray of hope beams upon its surface and nourishes it into cheerfulness.

Thus the anxious suspense of the fond parent is mingled with the gleam of pleasure, and the long absence of an only child supported by the pleasing hope that he will soon arrive.

HABIT.

The force of habit, and the extreme danger of fixing any bad habits, may be happily illustrated by moralizing the following piece of natural history.

"On the coast of Norway is a dreadful whirlpool, called by the natives Maelstrom, which signifies the navel of the seas.—The body of the waters which form this whirlpool is extended in a circle above thirteen miles circumference. In the midst of this stands a rock, against which the tide, in its ebb, is dashed with considerable fury, when it instantly swallows up all things which comes within the sphere of its violence.

"No skill in the mariner, no strength of rowing, can work an escape. The sailor, at the helm, at first finds the ship go in a current opposite to his intentions—his vessel's motions, though slow in the beginning, becomes every moment more rapid; it goes round in circles still narrower and narrower, till at last it is dashed against the rock and entirely disappears."

And thus it fares with the hapless youth that falls under any vicious habit At first he indulges with caution and timidity, and struggles against the stream of vicious inclinations—but every relapse carries him further down the current, (the violence of which increases) and brings him nearer to the fatal rock in the midst of the whirlpool, till, at length, stupified and subdued, he yields without a struggle, and makes a shipwreck of conscience, of interest, of reputation, and of every thing that is dear and valuable.

It should also be observed, on the other hand, that good habits are powerful as well as bad ones: therefore, no better advice can be given to youth, than this: "*Choose the most rational and best way of living, and habit will make it the most agreeable.*"

GUILT.

When conscious rectitude no longer inhabits the bosom, when innocence is fled, and guilt darts its fangs into the soul, wretched beyond description is that miserable being, who to screen himself from detection and shame, travels on from one thorny path to another, without resolution to turn back, to repent, confess, and to amend; but shrinking from the shame of deserved reproach, through a false pride, pursues his briery course, till, falling into a vortex of vice, he sinks to rise no more.

No dependence can or ought to be placed in the oath of that man who is continually invoking the sacred name of his Creator, upon every trivial occasion; and that too, perhaps, amidst the most riotous debaucheries, or in scenes which are a disgrace to society.

[For the Saturday Evening Post.]

THE PEDLAR—No. 9.

ST. ALBAN.

Is said to have been the first person who suffered martyrdom for Christianity in Britain; he is, therefore, usually styled the protomartyr of that island. He was born at Verulam, and flourished towards the end of the third century. The story of his martyrdom, according to *Bede*, is as follows:—Having declared himself to be a Christian before the Roman Governor of Britain, he was ordered to be beheaded. In his way to execution he was stopped by a river, over which was a bridge so thronged with spectators that it was impossible to cross it; when the saint, as we are told, lifting up his eyes to heaven, the stream was miraculously divided, and afforded a passage for himself and a thousand more persons. This wonderful event converted the executioner upon the spot, who threw away his drawn sword, and falling at St. Alban's feet, desired he might have the honour to die with him: And thus the execution being delayed, till another person could be got to perform the office, St. Alban walked to a neighbouring hill, where he prayed for water to quench his thirst, and a fountain thereof sprung up under his feet: here he was beheaded on the 21st of June. The executioner is said to have been a signal example of divine vengeance, for as soon as he gave the fatal stroke, his eyes dropped out of his head. The town of St. Albans, in Hertfordshire, takes its name from the protomartyr.

ANTHONY MAGLIABECHI,

Librarian to the Grand Duke of Tuscany, was born at Florence in 1633; he was possessed of an astonishing memory, of which the following almost incredible story is told. "A gentleman to make trial of the force of his memory, lent him a manuscript he was going to print; some time after it was returned, the gentleman came to him with a melancholy face, and pretended it was lost. Magliabechi being requested to tell what he remembered of it, wrote the whole without missing a word or varying the spelling.

Oldhelm, or Adelm, an English divine, and Bishop of Shireburn, in the time of the Saxon Heptarchy, is said to have been the first Englishman who wrote in Latin, and the first who introduced poetry into England.

ARCHIMEDES.

When Syracuse was taken by the Romans, this Philosopher was in his museum, his mind and eyes so intent upon some geometrical problems, that he neither heard the clamour of the Romans, nor perceived that the city was taken. In this transport of study and contemplation, a soldier came upon him with his drawn sword, whom Archimedes seeing, besought him to hold his hand, till he had finished the problem he was about. But the soldier deaf to his entreaty, ran him through the body.—Such was the unhappy fate of that great Philosopher.

A TROUBLESOME COMPANION.

The following descriptive remarks were published in a foreign journal—and, as we are certain that the breed is not entirely confined to exotic climes, the republication of it in our paper may serve as a mirror whereby the troublesome companion may view his ugly features:

Did you ever meet with a man whose brains are in his pocket, whose logic is a bottle, and all whose decisions are wagers? If you have, you will have some idea of a very worthy gentleman who disturbs the peace of our little evening club, by giving no answer that has not a *bet* at the tail of it. If you say, we have good news from abroad, he lays a bottle that the news are bad. If you hint that they are bad, he offers a bottle that they are good. In this way he goes about the room for hours together, chalking his arguments in his pocket, and referring every question of politics, law, or trade, to the unanswerable decision of *two* and *sixpence*. No man can open his mouth without risking a bottle with this *wager hunter*. If you ever drink his health, he'll lay you a bottle that he is the healthiest man in the room: if you stir the fire, he bets a bottle you will put it out. Nay, it was but lately, that, on going away, I bid him good *night*, and he offered to lay a bottle that it was *morning*. Another time, when I helped him on with his great coat, he laid me a bottle that I could not tell who made it. There is no contending, you perceive, with such a logician as this; and our club have had several meetings to consider what is to be done. We are a plain, sober, orderly kind of people, who meet to discuss the business of the day in a cool, argumentive way; but it is very hard, Sir, that a man cannot risk an opinion for less than *half a crown*. It has been suggested by a very sagacious member, who sees much further into a mill-stone than most of us, that this *two* and *six penny* reasoner, this *silver tongued* orator, is under articles with the landlord for the more speedy consumption of his port wine, and that he has ten per cent. on every decision which he pours down our throats. But this probably may be scandal—O! here he comes—and quite in character—for he proposes a bottle that he knows what I have been writing—and so he may if you please.

I am, Sir, yours,
NO WAGER-MONGER.

The following Table shews the rank and power of the States, in free white population:

1	New York,	1,333,445
2	Pennsylvania,	1,018,985
3	Virginia,	603,334
4	Ohio,	586,811
5	Massachusetts,	516,147
6	Kentucky,	434,826
7	North Carolina,	419,200
8	Tennessee,	339,979
9	Maine,	297,406
10	Connecticut,	267,280
11	Maryland,	260,212
12	New-Jersey,	257,[illegible]8
13	New-Hampshire,	243,373
14	South Carolina,	237,814
15	Vermont,	224,861
16	Georgia,	189,379
17	Indiana,	146,758
18	Alabama,	84,451
19	Rhode Island,	79,460
20	Louisiana,	73,673
21	Missouri,	56,017
22	Delaware,	55,282
23	Illinois,	53,837
24	Mississippi,	42,176
	District of Columbia,	22,176
	Territory of Arkansas,	12,599
	Territory of Michigan,	8,722

THE BENEVOLENT QUAKER.

It is well known that *Warner Mifflin* was a member of the society usually called Quakers, and that he died in 1798, within the state of Delaware, after a life distinguished by candor, affability and knowledge; an ornament to the age, and a blessing to his country. In an English publication is the following interesting anecdote respecting him:

For a long time some of these people called Quakers have proposed to emancipate their Negroes. One of them, in particular, has actually given liberty to all his, and bequeathed to them, by his will, a decent subsistence. Warner Mifflin was not long in following an example so agreeable to his sentiments. He had received from his father 27 negroes, both old and young. On the day fixed for their emancipation, he called them into his parlour, one after the other, and addressed one of them in the following words:—

"Well, friend James, how old art thou?" I am twenty-nine, master. "Like our white brethren thou ought to have been free at twenty-one. Religion and humanity enjoin me to give thee thy liberty, and justice commands me to pay thee wages for eight years and an half, which at 11*l.* 5*s.* per annum, comprehending thy food and clothing, make the sum of 95*l.* 12*s.* 6*d.* which I owe thee. But as thou art young and vigorous, and ought to labour for thy subsistence, I intend to give thee a note for that sum, bearing the usual interest of five per cent. Behold, then the commencement of thy fortune; thou hast no longer any master but God and the law. Go into the other room to my wife Phœbe, thy old mistress, and my nephew Robert; thou wilt find them busy writing thy manumission. May God bless thee James; be prudent and industrious; in every misfortune and distress thou wilt find a sure friend in thy ancient master, Warner Mifflin."

James, surprised at a scene so new, so affecting, and so unaffected, melted into tears, as if he had been threatened with some great misfortune. The sudden effect of his astonishment, gratitude, and other sensations, almost overpowered him, and even threw him into convulsions. He cried for joy and could scarcely give vent to a single syllable. "Ah, master (said he) what shall I do with my liberty! I was born under your roof; I have there enjoyed every thing I had occasion for; in the fields we laboured together, and I can say I wrought as much for myself as for you, since I was fed with the same provisions and clothed with the same garments; we never went to meeting on foot; we had every Saturday for ourselves; we were in want of nothing. When we were sick, our worthy and affectionate mistress always came to our bed-side and said something comforting to us. Ah, my dear master, when I am free, where shall I go? what shall I do? And when sick?"—Thou must do like the white people (replied W. M.) thou must hire thyself to those who will give thee the most wages. In a few years thou wilt purchase a piece of land; thou must then marry a negroe woman, as prudent and industrious as thyself; educate thy children as I have educated thee, in the fear of God, and to love labour; and after living happy and free thou wilt die in peace. Thou must absolutely receive thy liberty James; I ought to have given it thee long before, I sincerely wish it had pleased God, the father of all mankind, that the white people had never thought of purchasing and selling thy African brethren! May he inspire the Americans with a desire to follow our example! Why should we, who consider liberty as the first of all blessings, refuse it to those who live with us?"

"Ah, master, how kind you are (said James,) on that account I will never leave you. I have never been a slave; you never spoke to me but as you spoke to the white people; I have never wanted for any thing whether in sickness or in health; I never laboured more than my neighbors, who laboured for themselves; I have been richer than several white people to whom I lent money; and my dear good mistress, who never commands us but makes us do whatever she desires, by only saying *James I wish you would do so and so*—how can I leave her? Give me wh[illegible] whether under the n[illegible] freeman is of but little [illegible] cannot be happy but i[illegible] never separate from y[illegible]

"Well, James (returned W[illegible] sent to what thou desirest. A[illegible] numission has undergone the [illegible] forms I will hire thee by the year [illegible] a months' holydays at least; this [illegible] epoch in thy life; celebrate it by [illegible] repose, and in whatever manner thinkest proper." "No, no, [illegible] James) it is seed time; I will [illegible] holydays on some other occasion; [illegible] day only be a festival among the [illegible] race. Since you desire it, I accept [illegible] berty; and let my first action as a [illegible] be, to take my master by the hand, [illegible] it in mine, and to lay it upon my [illegible] where the attachment and gratitude [illegible] James will remain as long as he breathes [illegible] and let my second be, to assure you that [illegible] labourer in the county of Kent will be [illegible] diligent than he whom you will hence [illegible] call the faithful James."

A FRAGMENT.

"Behold that cottage on yonder plain [illegible] saw before the door a widowed mother [illegible] her only daughter, the pride of her heart [illegible] plying their daily tasks, and singing [illegible] song of joy and content. I looked [illegible] 'twas without an inhabitant, and [illegible] lonely on the heath. The seducer had [illegible]ered; insinuated himself into the [illegible] tions of the lovely maid, and under the [illegible] lemn promise of marriage, had stripped [illegible] of her reputation and her charms; and [illegible] she is an outcast, deserted for ever by [illegible] betrayer, and condemned to pass the [illegible] mainder of her life in a state of wretch[illegible] ness and misery, more intolerable [illegible] death itself The mother is a distr[illegible] mendicant, destitute of reason, and [illegible] dering from house to house with[illegible] friend, and without a habitation."

Extempore by Dr. Young.—As he [illegible] walking in his garden, at Welwy[illegible] company with two ladies, one of who[illegible] afterwards married, a servant came [illegible] him a gentleman wished to speak [illegible] him. "Tell him, (says the Doctor,) [illegible] too happily engaged to change my [illegible] tion." The ladies insisted that he [illegible] go, as his visiter was a man of rank, [illegible] patron and his friend. All persuasion, [illegible] ever, had no effect, one took him by [illegible] right arm, the other by the left, and [illegible] him to the garden gate; when finding [illegible] stance was vain, he bowed, laid his h[illegible] on his heart in that expressive manner [illegible] which he was so remarkable, and spoke [illegible] following lines:

"Thus Adam look'd when from the garden dri[illegible]
"And thus disputed orders sent from Heaven,
"Like him, I go; but yet to go am loth;
"Like him I go; for angels drive us both.
"Hard was his fate; but mine still more unkind,
"His Eve went with him, but mine stays behind.

The most beautiful Woman in the wo[illegible] In looking over some Historical part[illegible] lars concerning the late Emperor Na[illegible] leon, we find under the head of "Prussi[illegible] War," that Bonaparte attributes William[illegible] declaration against France, to the influence of his *wife*. He adored his Queen, who solicited by the Prussian youth, prevail[illegible] upon the King to declare the wa[illegible] —'William,' says the Emperor, 'less convinced than seduced, took as a pretext the refus[illegible] which I had given him at Hanover, in o[illegible] der to march against me. It was a fa[illegible] but in fine, as great men as the Ki[illegible] Prussia, have committed equally [illegible] faults for less handsome women.—'[illegible] Queen of Prussia,' (continues Napole[illegible] and he was a good judge of female beauty [illegible] whom I saw at Tilsit, *was the handsome[illegible] woman in the world.*"

ORIGINAL LOVE LETTER.

The following *classical* production is [illegible] literal copy of the original:

"Dear and Beloved girl i now take My pen [illegible] hand to form you that i am well and hope th[illegible] these few Lines will find you enjoying the same blessing My hart is locked up in your Brest and not with any your help i cant tak no wrest the first tim i saw you i plast my Love upon you and never shall for get you if you and i can agre our Marrige Day shall Quickly Be and i hop that will quickly Be and then my hart will be at Liberty i want you should send me a letter as soon as you can let me no My fate But if you dont you you are the worst of all woman kind But if you dough you will set my hart at Liberty but if you prove unkind-you are the worst of all woman kind But if you proove true i will come and pass the day with you and then our sweet work shall Be gin

the rose is read
the vilot is Blue
shonger is sweet
and so be you"

A NEWSPAPER.

Is a bill of fare, containing a variety of dishes, suited to the different tastes and appetites of those who sit down at the entertainment.

Politics are *beef steaks*, palatable to almost every one—those who prefer them *rare done* choose those from France. Electioneering is *we[illegible]* Congress new *French soup* and *sauce[illegible]* Essays, humorous, speculative, moral and [illegible] are a fine *boiled dish*—where, by a happy mixture, of the use of bread, meat and [illegible] a dish is obtained, nutritive, pleasa[illegible] Poetry, is *custard*. Ballads and [illegible] *plumb pudding*. Anecdotes, comic [illegible] grams, are sea-sonable *spice* and [illegible] times these are mixed w[illegible] which to some is *sourcrout*, [illegible] *sauce*.

[illegible]

[illegible] WILLIAM.

FOREIGN ARTICLES.

The Count de Montholon, in a letter to the editor of the Paris Moniteur, says that Napoleon's Will, as published by the booksellers, entitled 'The Testament of Napoleon,' is an incorrect fabrication, and full of errors.

Twelve houses have been burnt down in Dublin, in addition to the fourteen mentioned in former advices—making in all, twenty-six.

Dibdin, flattered by the incense of the [illegible], now modestly predicts that he shall one day be *Prime Minister* of England, and he as modestly assigns the situation of door keeper to Mr. Vansittart!

It is announced that another novel by the author of *Waverly*, will shortly appear. It is said to be called *The Fortune of Nigil*; and that the story is connected with the history of Herriot, the founder of an hospital in Edinburgh.

Letters from Rome state, that the Pope was dangerously ill, that his death was expected every moment. The Archduke [illegible] of Austria, who was made a Cardinal two years ago, is certain to succeed to the Chair.

A decree has been passed by the Cortes for the establishment of a bank at Lisbon, with a capital of 10,000 shares, at 500 milreis each, equal in all to about $6,500,000, [illegible] exclusive privileges for 20 years, on condition of loaning two fifths of the capital to the government, at 4 per cent interest. The subscriptions, at the last dates, amounted only to about one eighth of the proposed capital, and it was doubtful whether the plan would be carried into effect. The first article of the decree authorises the government "to obtain and employ the process of the invention of the celebrated artist Perkins," in order to prevent falsification of the paper money of the kingdom.

Some idea may be formed of the extent of traffic in the city of London, from the following account of what passed over London Bridge in one day. Foot passengers 36,110; coaches 871; gigs and taxed carts 320; waggons 387; carts and drays 2,576; and horses 472.

DISTURBANCES IN IRELAND.

LONDON, Jan. 25.

From the Limerick Chronicle of Saturday.

A most barbarous and inhuman murder was committed on a man named Foley, on the night of Thursday last, on the lands of Clerkly, near Newcastle, in this county, and the body afterwards thrown into the river. William and John Cagnay (brothers) were brought into town, yesterday morning, by a party of Major Wilcock's police, charged with the murder.

The house of John Sullivan, Esq. of Castlemaine, was entered a few nights since, by an armed party, who plundered it of 52*l.* in bank notes and cash.

Captain Rock, of the barony of Corkaguiny, who was taken at the head of a detachment of Whiteboy cavalry, on Sunday night by Francis Eagor, Esq. of Minard, was committed to Tralee, on Tuesday, by a party of the 39th regiment, from Dingle.—This deluded man, named Dennis Cleuvane, was brought forward bare-footed and bare-legged. He excused himself to the magistrate on the occasion of being taken, by saying, that he was only proceeding with his squadron on the above night, with the intention of depriving a man, who had served him with a process, of the original.

Desperate attack at Bantry.—On Friday morning last, at 4 o'clock, A. M. a body of men, consisting of between 300 and 700, well armed and mostly mounted, attacked the house of D. Mellefont, Esq. and also the houses of Messrs. Doyle and Patterson, from all which they took arms. The Earl of Bantry, with that promptitude and gallantry which mark his character, hearing of the circumstance in about three hours after, proceeded with five or six of his friends, with a hope of cutting some of them off before they separated, and made for the glen road leading to Macroom, where they overtook them about daylight, near the Chapel at Ballingearing, crossing the road leading to Lachavane, [illegible] miles from Bantry. [illegible] being taken to the heights [illegible] gave them a full view of his number's force, and they thereby were enabled to make an attempt to surround their persuers, and they commenced a regular march, shouting from every hill, and firing, after quitting their barrers. The party of his Lordship returned back on the glen road, finding themselves unequal to contend with superior numbers, firing slowly to cover their retreat—the insurgents, however, not only discharged their arms, but rolled and threw down stones into the glen.—Lord Bantry had a narrow escape, for one stone was particularly thrown at him, but Mr. White, his lordship's brother, was so successful as to shoot this man, and two others are supposed to be wounded; the party of his lordship maintained their ground as long as possible before they returned to Bantry, with a view to get possession of the killed and wounded, which we are sorry to say, they were not able to effect. Had the account reached his lordship in sufficient time to have enabled him to collect his neighbours, a good account would have been given of these depredators.

From Bell's (London) Weekly Messenger.

DRURY LANE.

KEAN has performed some of his most celebrated characters, *Macbeth* and *Othello*. We have so repeatedly had occasion to speak of him in those characters, that we shall offer no observations upon the former; but his Othello demands a word or two.—There is something highly original in Kean's performance of Othello. His conception of this character is equally new and just. In the hands of Kean, Othello is no longer the ferocious, savage, vindictive monster, without remorse, delicacy, or feelings, which we have seen him represented; he no longer excites unmixed hatred and abhorrence by a mere harsh outline of cruelty and demoniac fury; but he is exhibited, as Shakspeare doubtless intended the character to be, a man "more sinned against than sinning;" as one not "easily jealous;" as possessed of an open, candid, generous nature, capable of the delicacies of love, and of all the refinements of friendship. Kean, in his performance of Othello, has recovered the character from the former corruptions and abuses of it, and has presented it to our eyes, and to our hearts, as it really is. His Othello, therefore, always excites the compassion and feelings of his audience, and is perhaps the most moving of all the performances of this excellent actor.

Miscellaneous.

Capt. Lavender of the ship Huntress, arrived at New-York, brings accounts of the murder of a Chinese woman, at Whampoa, by a sailor (an Italian) belonging to the ship Emily, of Baltimore, and of the stoppage of trade in consequence, till the sailor was given up and executed. It appears that the sailor, in a fit of drunkenness, threw a heavy jar at the woman, in a boat alongside the ship, which struck her on the head and knocked her into the water. On examination of her head it was found that the skull was fractured. The Viceroy demanded that the man should be given up to be punished under the laws of China. The Americans offered to produce him, provided a court could be held at the American Factory. The powyee went down to the ship with the intention of bringing the man away, but the Americans resisted and threatened to abandon the ship to them: upon which they left her, and two days afterwards went down with a large force, took the man, who the second day after underwent a secret examination of a few minutes, and was strangled the next morning—after which trade was resumed.

Murder.—A letter from New-Orleans, contains the following facts:—"There has been some *fashionable* and serious fighting here. Judges Favrot and Henaud fought with *broad swords!*—The former was killed, the latter supposed to be mortally wounded. Lawyer Christie shot Scallan the Auctioneer, in the thigh. How much more useful, and I may say honorable would it have been if those men had shed their blood off Cape Antonia." [Meaning, we suppose, in fighting congenial spirits, the *Pirates*.]

A violent gale has been experienced at Charleston. On Saturday, the 9th, an attempt was made by seven active negromen to carry over the mail, (which had not crossed in two days,) their efforts were not only in vain, but near the bank or marsh of Hog Island, the boat struck and overset.—The poor fellows, with considerable presence of mind, saved the mail, themselves, and a woman who was on board; and after clinging to the boat for two hours up to their chin in the water, were providentially taken up by the other ferry boat. The latter, after several attempts to cross, had struck upon the same spot.

Spontaneous Combustion—A most singular instance of spontaneous combustion occurred a few days since on the turnpike road from Baltimore to Gettysburg. A wagon loaded with dry goods and groceries, going to the Westward, took fire, and before it could be extinguished consumed a wagon-bed, one or two of the wheels, several bags containing coffee, and a quantity of dry goods. The combustion is supposed to have originated in the domestic cotton goods, of which there was a considerable amount.

Narrow Escape—On Monday evening, as a young man, mate of a vessel lying at the north end, Boston, was returning on board, about half past 9 o'clock, he heard a person fall into the water between the vessel and the wharf. The tide being nearly out, he with much difficulty got down a distance of 12 or 15 feet, and after groping about in the water some time, at last felt a man's hands, his body being entirely under water, and his head under the vessel's bottom.—He succeeded in drawing him out, but owing to intoxication, and being filled with water, the fellow was unable to stand. After supporting him some time, at a loss how to extricate him, both being immersed to the middle in the water, he took his pocket handkerchief and tied the fellow to one of the posts of the wharf. Having secured him thus, he got upon deck, rigged a tackle, and after descending and making a rope fast round his body, succeeded in hoisting him on board, where suitable means where made use of for his recoveyr.

It has been ascertained that more than *one hundred thousand* persons have been interred in Trinity Church Yard, New York, and it being found impossible, any longer to inter one without disinterring another, a proposition has been made to have the ground levelled, and adorned with trees, in order that it may become a place for healthy promenade. The same course is proposed to be pursued with St. Paul's Church yard in that city.

The mahogany tree in St. Domingo is tall, straight and beautiful, with red flowers, and oval lemon-sized fruit. When this tree grows on a barren soil, the grain of the wood is beautifully variegated—upon rich ground it is pale, open, and of little value. The machineal tree also grows in this island; and its wood furnishes slabs for furniture, interspersed with beautiful green and yellow veins like marble; but the dust of this wood is of so acrid and poisonous a nature that the carpenters are forced to work with gauze masks to protect them from its injurious effects.

Jemima Wilkinson.—The life of this celebrated and artful imposter, has lately been published at Geneva in this state. The work is spoken favorably of in the newspapers. An article in the Geneva Gazette says, "her's was no ordinary character.—In the early part of her life she attracted much notice. By her pretensions to inspiration, she collected a band of followers who did not "leave or forsake" her at her death, and who even now, doubtless, believe that "the Friend" was second to none, save the Almighty. A delusion so rare, and a faith so steadfast, in a matter of speculation only, has seldom been witnessed. It proves how easy the human mind is influenced by wondrous and extraordinary characters—and if Jemima had possessed power to force the adoption of her faith, she at this moment might, like Mahomet, have had her temples and her sacrifices—her altars and her ministers. The men of this day are astonished at her success, and at the delusion of her followers—and wonder how it was that any could be so weak as to believe in doctrines founded and supported by cunning and imposition only."

The number of persons placed on the pension list under the provisions of the act of Congress, March 13, 1818, was, 18,418. This number was reduced under the act of May 1, 1820, to 12,088. Of persons on the former list, who applied for a continuance of the pension 2392 were rejected.—From the date of the first to the passing of the second, 252 pensioners died.

Two privateers were off St. Barts, when captain Smith, who arrived at Boston a few days since, left there, under the Venezuelian flag—one the schr. Condor, Samuel G. Pelot, captain, came in the port and anchored, but was ordered out again by the Governor immediately. It was said the Governor's conduct on this occasion, was influenced by a piece he had read in a Philadelphia paper, which stated that the noted Pelot had arrived at St. Barts, and that the Governor had promised him protection, &c. By ordering him out, he wished to shew that the statement was incorrect.

Interesting fact.—There is now living at Eastbury, in the state of Connecticut, a very aged and respectable man, of the name of Hollister, who accompanied General Amherst, in the famous expedition against Fort Oswego, during the old French war. About a year ago, he informed a friend of ours, that in order to transport the heavy ordnance and baggage belonging to the army from the waters of the Mohawk through Wood creek into the Oneida lake, a temporary canal was constructed in the following manner:—Log dams were built across the stream at various places, as a kind of locks. As soon as the water rose to a sufficient height, to carry the boats from the Mohawk into Wood Creek, the dam was suddenly removed, and so on through the other dams, until they reached Oneida lake. This fact becomes interesting in connection with the early history of the Western Canal, and shows that a rude species of canalling was adopted on this route more than sixty years ago.

[*N. Y. Statesman.*

From the Doylestown Correspondent.

During the second week of the court lately held at this place, a cause was tried, which interested the feelings, and excited the strong curiosity of the Farmers—of the Millers—indeed of the community at large:—Wm. Williams, of Buckingham, came into court to claim Damages of Thomas Paxson, for obstructing the water on his own premises; diverting it from its natural course, and using it to the injury of the said Williams.

The principal facts are these:—Williams owns a Grist mill, turned by a slight stream of water, which passes thro' the plantation of Paxson, immediately before it falls into Williams's Mill-pond. Some 3 or 4 years since, the predecessor of Paxson [illegible] and erected a new barn, a few rods distant from the old one, but on the opposite side of a public highway.—Paxson changed the course of the water, conducted it across the highway, thro' the yard of the new barn, for the convenience of watering his cattle, &c. and occasionally, by damming, flowed part of the water over his meadow: delivering the surplus into its natural channel, where it passed the line of his own land, on its passage to the Mill of Williams.

An intelligent Jury received the Judge's charge, and after an absence of about two hours, returned into court with a Verdict for the Defendant.

Herkimer, N. Y. March 14.

FIRE.—On Sunday morning last, the dwelling house occupied by Mr. Joseph Paul, in this town, was consumed by fire. When it was discovered the roof was falling in; and but a trifling amount of property was saved.

The distillery of Reuben Leonard, in Winfield, was lately burnt, together with all its contents.

AUBURN, N. Y. March 13.

Melancholy Accident.—On Friday the 1st instant. Mr. Apolos Mudge, of Wolcott, Seneca county, went out in company with another person, to hunt racoons;—while in pursuit of their game, they had occasion to cut down a beach tree, which in falling struck the top of an ash, and broke it off, when it fell, and struck Mr. Mudge on the head, which fractured his skull so that his brains run out. He languished about six hours and expired, aged 23, leaving a wife and one child. He had lately purchased and moved on to a new place, and had just commenced business, when he was thus suddenly arrested by the hand of death.

CLAIBORNE, (Alab.) Feb. 20.

Fire.—A fire broke out in the town of Columbus, Alab. on Tuesday, 19th inst. about 9 o'clock in the morning, and continued until 3 o'clock in the evening, which destroyed every building in the town except the tenement and out houses occupied by Joseph H. Howell, Esq. We have not heard the loss sustained by the unfortunate inhabitants.

Manlius, N. Y. March 13.

MELANCHOLY FIRE.—Mr. Weston, aged 85 years, perished in the flames which consumed the dwelling house of his son, Doctor Hezekiah Weston, of Pompey, on Monday last. The old gentleman went into the house, we understand, to obtain water from the well, and is supposed to have been overcome with fatigue or smoke, and was unable to return. In the confusion incident to such scenes of conflagration, the old gentleman was not missed until his spirit had abandoned the frail, weary tabernacle of clay, to mingle its ashes in one common ruin with the tenement of wood. The aged mother of Dr. Weston broke her leg in escaping from the house.

From the Long-Island Farmer.

Robbery.—On the night of the 15th inst. the Common School-house, in Hempstead, was broken open and robbed of 60 volumes of books, consisting of Bibles, Testaments, Geographies, Arithmetics, Spelling Books, Murray's Reader, Introductions, Dictionaries, Columbian Orators, &c.

Muskratting.—We are informed that one man in this county, caught *two hundred and ten in one night*; and another Mr. John Hildreth, took in one night *one hundred*, and expects to make up the round number of *two thousand* during the season—which, at the present high price of about *forty cents a piece*, will bring the clever sum of eight hundred dollars; a good winter's work for a Farmer. [*Salem Messenger.*

MORE PIRACY.

Capt. Boyd of the Pegasus, at Charleston, reports that the schr. ——, Frink, of Warren, R. I. from Wilmington, for Havana, touched at Matanzas, and shortly after leaving there was boarded by a small boat, which came out at the same time, and robbed him of a quantity of doubloons, and the whole of the clothing of the crew: they afterwards threw overboard the Captain, who caught hold of the rudder, and was picked up by the cabin boy, who was cut away in the stern-boat by the pirates. On the approach of another vessel, they left the schooner, after setting her on fire, which was put out by the crew, and the vessel arrived at Havana The schr. ——, Miller, of Boston, was robbed about the same time of all his cargo, (except lumber) which consisted of lard, herrings, and candles, supposed by the same boat. Ten days before Capt. Boyd sailed, 4 piratical boats arrived at Regla, loaded with plunder. Captains Frink and Miller, with others who had been plundered, complained to the Police, and after two days search five were arrested, and recognised by Capt. Miller, as well as some boxes of herrings, and safely lodged in jail. The boats are clinker built, apparently English or American.

The brig Alliance of Kennebunk, from Port au Prince, for New-Orleans, was robbed and burnt on the 15th of Jan. by a piratical schr. 7 leagues from Cape Antonio. After robbing the captain and crew of every thing, they turned them adrift in the long boat. The boat was fortunately picked up by a Spanish schooner, after being 5 days at sea, and the crew carried into Havana.

A letter from Paris of January 10th, received in New-York city, remarks, that a Navigation Act was contemplated by the French government, providing for the admission of the produce of the United States in French and American vessels only, and coming direct from the latter ports.

[illegible]

The counting house of Messrs. [illegible] quet & Dutilh, in Walnut street, [illegible] on Monday night, and robbed [illegible] several packages of silks.

Fire.—Between 8 and 9 o'clock, Wednesday evening, a fire broke out in the third story of the house occupied by [illegible] Nathans, in Second street above Callowhill street.—The firemen and citizens turned out with their accustomed alacrity; but from the scanty supply of water at the fire made such progress, that it was with great difficulty it was extinguished, [illegible] not until the roofs of Mr. Nathans's and Dr. [illegible] houses was destroyed, and the roofs of two other houses considerably injured. It was occasioned by the carelessness of a servant girl, who had kindled a fire in one of the upper rooms, and neglected attending to it.

The Legislature of Virginia has adjourned.—They refused to accede to the propositions submitted by Messrs. Clay and Bibb, and have named a commission to treat with the "natives" of Kentucky.

A ship of the line and six transports sailed from Lisbon, on the 18th of Jan. for Rio de Janeiro, with 1200 troops on board.

By letters from Malaga of the 1st [illegible] we learn that fruit had risen rapidly [illegible] that time, and had become very scarce.

Dr. Hahneman's discovery that the [illegible] donna (*Atropa Belladonna*, L.) is a preventive of scarlet fever, has been fully confirmed. Hufland, in his journal of practical medicine, has added evidences of its [illegible]

One of the papers speaking of the burning of Bowdoin-College, observes that the "loss is *incalculable*." The cost of the building is stated at 14,800 dollars.

The Steam boat Bellona, on her passage from New Brunswick to New York, on Friday, met with an accident by the collapse of one of her back flues, by which two of her men were severely scalded. One of them (the Engineer,) is since dead.

Among the passengers in the ship Liberty, from New York, for Liverpool, is Randolph, who goes to the South of France for the benefit of his health.

Signor Causici, of Washington, a favorite pupil of the celebrated Canova, has in hand a bust of the late distinguished William Pinkney, of Maryland.

The Huntsville (Alabama) Bank was robbed on the 14th Feb. of the sum of $[illegible] principally in its own notes. The robbery was committed whilst the cashier and clerks were absent at supper, in a space of time not more than 15 or 20 minutes.

At Newport, (R. I.) James Cook has been convicted of a rape committed in May 1819, and sentenced to be executed on the 9th of Nov. next—three years after the crime was perpetrated. The criminal recently voluntarily surrendered himself.

A Whale, about 70 feet in length, has been caught off the Hook, at New York, by some smack-men, and towed into Spermaceti Cove, where they are cutting him up and loading their boats.

A Virginia farmer gives a minute recipe to "prevent dogs from sucking eggs." It is composed of *tartar emetic*, which is to be poked into one end of an egg, which the dog is to suck—the dose in porportion to the strength of the dog, and to be repeated a suitable number of times.

William and Abigail M'Allister have presented a petition to the New-York legislature, praying for a divorce. Each states that the other is so bad, that it is impossible for them to live together, and they introduce the certificates of their neighbors to prove the fact. They think it would be an act of charity in the legislature to dissolve the marrage contract.

The Ethiopean changing his Skin.—A gentleman in Virginia, is exhibiting his slave, who was born black, but at the age of 45, commenced changing his skin, and now at the age of 60, "three fourths of him have become perfectly white, his arms and hands have assumed a delicacy and transparency not surpassed by those of the most delicate female."

The Treasurer of the American Bible Society, acknowledges the receipt of $4379 36, during the months of January and February.

Small Pox.—Several cases of the Small Pox have occurred at Haverhill, N. H. It was introduced into that place by M. Simon Herth, who had recently returned from Montreal. At Harvard, Mass. a case of natural small pox has made its appearance. A supply of vaccine matter has been sent from Boston to the latter place.

Two foreigners, while digging a bank in the navy yard at Charlestown, (Mass.) were instantly killed, on Tuesday week, by the caving in of the earth.

A Liberal Donation.—The Right Rev. Bishop Hobart, of N. York, has received a check for two thousand dollars, from John Warren, Esq. of Troy, for the purpose of founding a Scholarship in the Theological Seminary of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the United States.

PHILADELPHIA.

Saturday, March 23, 1822.

r. John Randolph, one of the representatives in Congress from the State of ginia, or what he terms "the ancient ain,"—having *asked*, and with great liness *obtained*, leave of absence for the inder of the session, has embarked England. Through the whole course is gentleman's political career, and in y argument in which he has been en- ed, querulousness and tergiversation been his prominent characteristics. have said before our present publica- that he was powerfully eloquent.— one denies that he can be so when mours and dispositions seem fit," and not hesitate to acknowledge the in- which his reasoning produces at times. We object not to this man's great talents, we file our pro- only against the vindictiveness of his ter. His departure seems to have ed no regret, even in the county in he is domiciliated, and though his ry exhibited itself so largely, in his mand upon the floor to be informed ther another member "had the *courage* fer to him," in the order of a debate, cannot find what has become of Mr. dolph's courage, when he has been ying himself at *Washington* for , in the construction of a letter, abu- of the government; derogating from national character of the country; and ned to bring the Legislative institu- into contempt, and after, resorts to terfuge of professing to have written landers, in a "Cape letter" sent by a from Sandy Hook when the gentle- was out of reach of his merited and ably anticipated chastisement. The ner of this honourable member has constantly imitative of dramatic trick, himself emulous of excelling in thea- effect. It should not, therefore, be a ter of wonder that the idea of this pe Letter" suggested itself to his ima- tion.—When the other great man, Mr. , made his sudden embarkation from same port, he wrote a formidable de- ciation against the good breeding of the espun people of this poor unhappy try, and dated it from the same spot. madness, as it is termed, was forgiven, he was congratulated upon his destina- being for England, as is now the ho- able Mr. Randolph. The Elsineur e Digger said of the Prince Hamlet, "his madness would not be seen in there."—Mr. Randolph's address to constituents, whom we earnestly hope no longer identify themselves with is, we have heard, to be promulga- rom a paper in Richmond.

he bill before Congress to extend the of the port of Philadelphia, has been red to be engrossed for a third reading. the defeat of the Bankrupt Bill, very interest is excited by the proceedings e National legislature—the most im- nt question now pending, and which s to have produced considerable dis- ion, is the arrangement of the time he ad arnment of the two Houses.— persons pretend to say that the peo- money has been thrown away on their sentatives!—and that, in these hard , it is not prudent for men, (especially ressmen) to waste their time and sub- doing nothing. What palliatives e offered by the great men to their tuents for this breach of trust, can- e conjectured—but certain it is, an ession will be left on the mind, which will find some difficulty in effacing.

THE NAVY.

as been mentioned in some of our City pa- hat the United States' ship POTOMAC was y launched. The National Intelligencer in- s, that the movement of that frigate into her d element was not to take place until this g, at ten o'clock.

e public are often amused, and fre- ly misled, by accounts said to be authority, of occurrences in both hes of the service, the army and navy. al paragraphs have been going the ls, upon the subject of a naval Court ial in Boston, all of which it seems, aterially incorrect.—It was originally ted that Captains Hull and Shaw, were put under arrest, for some alleged nduct. It was afterwards said that n Shaw was placed in custody in con- ence of a charge brought against him ptain Hull. It appears by the fol- g communication, that the investiga- f the causes, and the institution of a Martial proceeded entirely from the department of the government, so Capt. Hull does not deserve the impu- tation of Commodore Shaw.

Capt. Shaw and Lieut. Abbott of the navy advanced charges of misconduct against Mr. Bindey, the Navy Agent at Boston, which implicated Captain Hull. These charges have been investigated by Captain Porter, sent on for the purpose by government, and George Blake, Esq. District Attorney, and found wholly groundless—in consequence of which Capt. Shaw and Lieut. Abbott have been put under arrest for trial.

The citizens of a country whose ancestors exposed their lives, and exhausted their fortunes, to achieve its entire, free, and unshackled independence, must naturally be inclined to express a warm sentiment of gratification at the recognition, by their own government, of the independence of foreign colonies, which have been long and laboriously struggling to shake off an oppressive yoke. The systematical and organized plan, of contracting the intellectual frame of the subject by withholding from him the benefits of education, and causing him to be persuaded that the Inquisitorial institutions throughout Spain, were alone to "*be his councils consistory*," opened, at length, the eyes of the enlightened proportion of the community, and a determination to enlarge the sphere of their freedom, was the natural result—after a violent struggle they have succeeded. The whole world has been looking on with a fervent hope that the efforts of an oppressed people should eventuate in the establishment of a government, capable of restoring their peace and security, and of maintaining their civil, political and religious rights. The Congress of the United States are about recognizing Mexico, Colombia, Peru, Chili and La Plata, as free Sovereign and Independent States.

The National Intelligencer in speaking of the recognition of the independence of South America says, "the actual independence of the governments of Mexico, Colombia, Buenos Ayres, Chili, and Peru, is admitted to be established beyond a question. The result of the whole examination of the subject, is an unanimous opinion, on the part of the committee, that "*it is just and expedient* to acknowledge the independence of the several nations of Spanish America, without any reference to the diversity in the forms of their governments," and in accordance with this opinion, an appropriation of one hundred thousand dollars, to carry into effect the diplomatic purpose, is recommended."

PIRATES.—It appears, by an arrival at Charleston, (S. C.) from Matanzas, that the Spanish authorities at that place have, at length, taken cognizance of the depredations which have been so successfully and so often committed in their neighborhood. A Captain and Lieut. of a pirate, who had been convicted of burning a vessel near Matanzas, have been recently shot.—Fifteen more, the crew of a boat fitted out at Regla, had been captured by a Spanish party of Soldiers, and were in prison waiting their sentence.—Six of the crew were killed in the action.

Mr. John Taylor, of Caroline, Virginia, with whose former productions the public are acquainted, has uttered from the press at Washington City, "an interesting work on the Internal and External Policy of the United States in relation to Agriculture, Commerce, and Manufactures, and the tendency of the present confederated powers of the United States towards a consolidated Government." The book is called "TYRANNY UNMASKED."

TAPPAN'S POEMS.

Among the rich and varied flights of the muse, that adorn the age in which we live, and proffer to the intellectual mind sources of never-ceasing delight, none have *more* claims on the American public than the Poems by Mr. TAPPAN, while there are many which have *less*, that precede the efforts of our native genius, principally on account of trans-atlantic extraction. Merit entitles itself—a perusal of the last publications of our favourite Bard must afford delight to every unprejudiced reader; it is not necessary, therefore, to dwell on a subject so deserving of panegyric, as we hope few will deny themselves that gratification.

WEST-INDIA TRADE.—It is stated in the New-York papers, on unquestionable authority, that the British Government intends to rescind its navigation laws respecting the colonial trade, and to admit British and American shipping in their West-India ports upon a footing of perfect equality.

Judge YATES has been nominated by the Albany Caucus, as a candidate for the office of Governor of the state of New-York.

Extract of a letter, dated
MALAGA, Jan. 29.

"The new Tariff has been received from Madrid by which the duties on various foreign and domestic articles are greatly lessened, and many prohibition annulled. Iron Hoops, which were formerly prohibited, are now admitted. Nails are still excluded, and as there are but few manufactories in Spain, and those at a distance from us, the article is very scarce.

"The cortes have enacted severe laws against the abuse of the liberty of the Press.

"We have a report from Madrid that Turkey has declared war against Russia."

The last number of the Hamilton (Ohio) Intelligencer states, that the mail which had been lost, between Eaton and Oxford, by the carrier falling from his horse, and his horse escaping, has been found, and the mail bags, with a part of their contents, delivered at the post office in Oxford.

The celebrated Opera of the Russian Impostor, or the Siege of Smolensko, demanding the skill and exercise of the best vocal musical talent, and exciting from the instrumental department, the orchestra, the most sedulous attention, and a very strict and consistent harmony, has been arranged for representation at the theatre on Monday evening. Great expence and immense labour have been bestowed upon its preparation. The exertion of all the performers connected with the Dramatis Personæ, has been put in full requisition, and Mr. Philipps' well known and unremitting industry, has been amply applied to the consummation of the design of its speedy production.—Great anticipations have been formed of its merits, and the house will in all probability be attended by a large concourse. The opera was written by Henry Siddons, Esquire, and played at the English Opera House, fourteen nights successively, under the direction of Mr. Arnold, the manager, who is said to have given to it some poetical attractions. It has been revised, very much improved, and adapted to the American stage, as we have heard by Mr. Philipps himself, whose capability to enrich the Operatic Drama, by his *literary* applications, as well as by means of his *vocal* talent, is very well known to us.—The Russian Impostor was produced in the year 1810—Mr. Philipps excited much admiration in it in London, and the beautiful Ballad called "The Young and Blooming Bride," secured the unceasing applauses of his numerous audiences.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

The bill supplementary to the act laying a duty on retailers of foreign merchandize, passed in the House of Representatives on Monday—Yeas 52, nays 40. The bill, as amended, graduates the store keepers into six classes, to be designated by the county commissioners and assessors of each county. The rates of licence to be 15, 12, 10, 6, 4, and 1 dollars. Those who are to pay one dollar a year are such as have not at any time more than 200 dollars in trade.

A supplement to the act providing for the measurement of corn and salt in Philadelphia, passed the House on Tuesday last. A supplement to the act to incorporate the Philadelphia and New-Jersey Communication Company, has passed to a third reading, yeas 46, nays 36.

On Wednesday Mr. Broom submitted to the House of Representatives, resolutions proposing an amendment to the constitution of the United States, to the following effect:

Until Congress shall establish uniform laws on the subject of Bankruptcy throughout the United States, each State may pass laws for the regulation of Bankruptcies, within the same respectively.

The Saturday Mails.

New-York, March 22.

From England.—The ship *Codmus*, Capt. Whitlock, arrived last evening from Liverpool. Sailed from the river on the 4th of Feb. Capt. W. had no communication with the shore for some days previous to his sailing. A Liverpool paper of the 29th of January was received, but it contains no event of moment. We are hourly expecting the packet ship Nestor, which sailed on the eight day, and will bring dates several days latter.

Alabama Cotton—The Cahawba paper of the 4th inst. states that the cotton market continues brisk, and sales are readily effected at 13 cents. The same paper adds that *flour* is at 12 and 13 dollars per barrel, very scarce and much in demand.

In Cahawba, (Alab.) on the 4th inst. the Thermometer was at 63, and the fruit trees were in leaf.

Shad.—This early and delicious fish has already made its appearance here and at Philadelphia. Yesterday morning, three were exposed in Fulton Market, and brought a dollar each. The same price was obtained for them in Philadelphia.—Scarce and dear.

MELANCHOLY ACCIDENT.—On the 9th instant, Mr Elisha Brown, of Homer, in this state, was killed by the falling of a tree. Mr. B. and his son were at work in the woods; the son had cut a tree which fell in an opposite direction from that he expected; a limb reached his father, and struck him with such force as instantly to deprive him of his senses; he died a few hours after. Mr. Brown was the father to Miss E. L. Brown, the teacher of the Missionary School.

Villainy.—On Monday last between 1 and 2 o'clock, P. M. some unknown person took from the counter of the Mechanics' and Farmers' Bank, in Albany city, a package, containing fifteen hundred dollars, in bills on the Catskill and Green county banks. Several persons were in the bank at the time. Suspicions rest on a stranger, who called to change a bill and immediately left town in the western stage. He was pursued by a constable, who found on arriving at Schenectady, that he had left the stage, and had gone westward on foot.

The two rogues who broke open, and robbed the store of Mr. Jesse Baldwin, in Newark, N. J. last Friday night, have been apprehended by our police, in this city, and are now in the hands of Justice.

Tobacco.—On the 18th inst. sales of tobacco were made at Petersburgh, Vir. at $13 and a fraction.

Great Fire at Havana.—By the arrival of the brig *Despatch*, from Havana, we learn, that a fire broke out in the suberbs, at that place, on the 1st inst which destroyed *two hundred buildings*; a large quantity of sugar was also destroyed.

Caution.—The laws of our city have been long and frequently violated by persons who are in the habit of firing at a mark. On Saturday, a Mr Benham, of Hamden, was passing by the burying ground with a bag swung across his shoulders, containing a wooden bottle, when a ball passed through a part of the bottle which hung upon his coat. It certainly becomes those whose business it is to see our laws duly enforced, to correct this evil.

[*New-Haven Journal.*

Nantucket Fishery.—There is now employed in the Whale Fishery by the people of the Island of Nantucket, 72 ships, 28 of which are over 300 tons, 28 over 250 tons, 11 over 200 tons, and five of a little smaller size. Besides the above, there are several brigs and schooners. When we consider the numerous other vessels employed in the coasting and other commercial trade of the island; the small number of inhabitants it contains, and that the island itself is but a *speck* upon the bordering waters of our republic; and moreover, that almost the whole of their shipping was captured or destroyed so recently as the last war; we are struck with admiration at the invincible hardihood and industry of this little active, enterprising and friendly community, whose harpoons have penetrated with success, every nook and corner of every ocean.—*Degrand's Report.*

Tea.—A colony of Chinese established itself in Brazil soon after the King of Portugal fixed his residence there, and applied to the cultivation of tea with so much success, that they have now three millions of trees in full bearing.

DRAMATIC SUMMARY.

WALNUT STREET.—The melo-dramatic opera of the Devil's Bridge, and the farce of Fortune's Frolics are the contemplated performances this evening. The new and splendid opera, never performed in America, called the Russian Impostor, or the Storming of Smolensko, with new scenery dresses and decorations, is arranged at this theatre for Monday next.

PAUNE STREET.—The performances announced for this evening consist of Venice Preserv'd, or a Plot Discovered, and the Opera of the Poor Soldier. The part of Jaffier to be sustained by Mr. Pelby, being his fifth appearance.—Mr. Pelby's benefit takes place on Monday evening.

NEW-YORK.—The Merchant of Venice—the Coronation of Henry V.—the Warlock of the Glen—and the duett of Sir John Stevenson "Oh, tell me where is fancy bred"—by Mrs. Holman and Mr. Kept, were all presented to the public on Thursday. Mr. Maywood performed Shylock, and Andrew; Mrs. Barnes, Portia, and Adela. This lady's farewell benefit was announced for last evening.—Her selections were the tragedy of ISABELLA, Nature & Philosophy, &c. The drama of Lochiel, or the Exile's Return, by Mr. Agg, is in preparation.

BOSTON.—For the farewell Benefit of our respected and well remembered friend Mr. John Bray, we perceive a play called the Astrologer; or Love's Quandaries, translated by himself from the French of *Carneille*, was performed on the evening of Wednesday last. On the preceding night he played the character of Lord Ogleby in the Clandestine Marriage.

SAVANNAH.—King Lear was represented by Mr Booth on the 13th inst. at his benefit (last appearance.) He performed Jerry Sneak in the Mayor of Garrat.

NEW ORLEANS.—Mr. COOPER, with whose uncommon talents, the dramatic public are familiar, has been playing to houses which testify the estimation in which he is held here. His representation of Richard the Third was honoured by the attendance of 1475 dollars. If his other exhibitions are followed by the same testimonials of applause, he will not, it is presumed, be apt to relinquish an engagement, which, whilst it offers him profit, extends the measure of his well earned and deserved reputation.

Mr. BOOTH has terminated his engagement—His performances did not yield that entire satisfaction, which the public were drawn into an anticipation of. The receipts of the houses were consequently limited.

Mr. Hilson has been playing for a few nights at this house, without any prospect of remuneration for his labour. The public offer him the concession of their regard for his talents, but do not give their attendance, it is said at the representation of them.

Mr. James Fennell, comedian, and son of the late James Fennell, so justly celebrated for his theatrical talents, recently died in the town of Augusta, Georgia. The theatre to which he had been attached was closed for several nights in consequence of the actors having unanimously requested it, and resolved, with that spirit and feeling which does them honor, to remit to the Manager their half week's salary, in order to pay due respect to the memory of their lamented associate.

ALMANAC.

1822. MARCH.	Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	High Water		Moon's Phases.
23 Saturday,	5 57	6 3	2	1	Full
24 Sunday,	5 56	6 4	2	38	Last Q.
25 Monday,	5 54	6 6	3	17	
26 Tuesday,	5 53	6 7	4	0	New
27 Wednesday,	5 52	6 8	4	50	1st Q.
28 Thursday,	5 50	6 10	5	46	23 h. 52 m.
29 Friday,	5 49	6 11	6	57	23 h. 52 m.

ABOLITION SOCIETY.

A STATED Meeting of the "Pennsylvania Society for promoting the Abolition of Slavery, &c. &c." will be held at the Clarkson School House, in Cherry street near Seventh, on the evening of the 28th inst. at 7 o'clock.

B. WILLIAMS, Secretary.

3d mo. 23—1t

THE SATURDAY MAGAZINE,

PUBLISHED by E. LITTELL, No. 74 South Second Street, Philadelphia; and by R. NORRIS HENRY, No. 97 Pearl Street, New York. CONTENTS. Confessions of an English Opium Eater; Illustrations of Biblical Literature; the Plague in Malta—Miss Elizabeth Smith—The Queer Quizzical Querist; a Miracle; French Grenadier; The Cat and the Butter; Stabbing; Rev. W Jones—Scientific Journeys; Pisa; Painting in Fresco; Pompeia—The Deaf Justice; Epigram.

mar. 23—1t

CARPENTER'S SHOP,

TO LET, in a central part of the city. Enquire at No. 31, Strawberry Alley.

march 23—2t*

ALEXANDER PARKER,

RESPECTFULLY acquaints the public, that he has a general assortment of the first quality Garden and Flower Seeds for sale, at the MOYAMENSING BOTANIC GARDEN, Prime street, Love lane, near Eleventh street. Also, a large collection of Green House and Hardy Plants, Fruit and Ornamental Trees and Shrubs, with a fine selection of Bulbous Roots. Orders, per post, or left at No. 40 George street, Southwark, will be punctually attended to.

march 23—4t

FRENCH SCHOOL.

CHARLES KLOTZ returns his grateful thanks to the citizens of Philadelphia, for the encouragement he has received in this city, and hopes to deserve a continuance of public confidence by his assiduity and attention. He has opened a French Evening School, at his house No. 173 PINE STREET, for the instruction of Young Ladies and Gentlemen, at separate hours, in this useful Language. Terms, $5 per quarter, to be paid half in advance.

Lessons given in private families and Seminaries. C. K. is employed for the tuition of the French Language in two of the most respectable Seminaries in this city, where every satisfaction will be given as to his capacity.

march 23—6m

On Tuesday evening, [illegible] Mr. JOHN L. FREIRERED [illegible] daughter of Mr John Strong, [illegible]

On Sunday evening, by the Rev. [illegible] Potts, Mr. JOHN SHEPHERD, to Miss HANNAH CAVE, all of this city.

On Thursday, by William [illegible] AMOS MICHENER, to Miss ANN [illegible] all of Montgomery county.

At Cedardale, on Tuesday, the [illegible] Mr. Peter Keyser, Mr. PETER K. [illegible] Philadelphia, to Miss LYDIA L. WE[illegible] the former place.

On Thursday evening last, by the Rev. [illegible] gers, Mr EDWARD H. PECHIN, to [illegible] WAGNER, both of Montgomery county.

On Wednesday evening, the 20th inst. [illegible] Rev. George Sheets, at Pennepack Hall, [illegible] delphia county, Mr. SIMON WHITE, [illegible] REBECCA JOHNSON, both of Lower [illegible] township.

In London, on the 29th of Oct. last, Mr. [illegible] LIAM STEWART, merchant, of [illegible] CHARLOTTE, third daughter of [illegible] William Pinckney.

DIED,

This morning, Mrs. MARGARET A[illegible] wife of Captain Philip Ryan, and daug[illegible] Michael Waltman, deceased, of this [illegible] friends, and the friends of the family, are fully invited to attend her funeral from the [illegible] of her mother, A. E. Waltman, No. 163 [illegible] Street, on Monday afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

On the 12th instant, Mr. THOMAS JO[illegible] Painter, aged 37 years.

On Sunday evening last, ISRAEL ISRAEL, Esq. aged 77 years.

On Tuesday afternoon, the 19th inst. Mrs. ELIZABETH HYMAS, wife of Mr. Samuel Hymas.

On Tuesday morning, the 19th inst. STEPHEN SICARD, aged 73.

Suddenly, on Wednesday evening, 20th inst. Mr. ANDREW BOSSERT, aged 61.

On Thursday, in the 60th year of his age, Mr. JOHN KEFFER.

On Thursday evening, the 21st inst. Mrs. ANN F. NEWCOMB, consort of B. Newcomb, Esq.

On Thursday, after a long and painful illness, Miss BRIDGET BOYLE, the only surviving child of Mr. James Boyle, aged 22.

On the 16th inst. Miss ANN TERESA CAUFFMAN, aged 41 years.

Suddenly, at Burlington, N. J. on the evening of the 14th inst. in consequence of the rupture of a blood vessel, Mr. JAMES H. HEWLINGS, aged 32 years.

At Otley, (Eng.) in consequence of a mortification, aged 83, Samuel Moody, of that place, shoemaker. The deceased had recently been the subject of a very extraordinary phenomenon. For some time he had been afflicted with extreme pain in his left leg, in consequence of a severe strain, and about two months ago the leg separated above the ankle, with a report like that of a pistol, and fell completely from the body.

PUBLIC SALES.

BY COMLY & TEVIS, Auc'rs,
No. 73 MARKET STREET.

DRY GOODS.

On Wednesday morning, at 9 o'clock, on a credit of 90 days, for approved notes,

A large assortment of fresh imported and seasonable DRY GOODS, in lots.

Also, a quantity of Domestic Sheetings, Shirtings, Cassinets, &c.

PACKAGE SALE.

On Saturday morning, the 30th inst. at 9 o'clock, will be sold, on a liberal credit,

100 packages British Dry Goods,

Including an entire invoice received by the ship Electra, from London, consisting of Brown and Bleached Sheetings, Osnaburgs, Carpetings, Hosiery, Cloths, Shirting Muslins, Calicoes, &c.

TO SAIL MAKERS

Will be sold at the same time as above,

12 bales Brown and Bleached Sail Duck, part suitable for sacking bottoms.

LEGHORN HATS.

JUST received from Leghorn, in the brig Decatur, via Boston, and other late arrivals, at MRS. KEELAND'S Fashionable Leghorn and Split straw Bonnet Store, No. 9, North Second Street,

Thirty cases LEGHORN HATS, making a full and complete assortment of every description which will be sold either by the case or in lots to suit purchasers. All orders for the above article, either made up or otherwise, with all kinds of trimmings, &c. will be supplied at the shortest notice; and the work faithfully executed in the most fashionable manner.

march 9—tf

CHARLES M'ARTHUR,

Silk, Woollen, and Cotton Dyer, &c. &c.

CONTINUES at the old established stand, No. 31 UNION STREET—where all orders in his line will be punctually attended to.

☞ Cloth, Silk Dresses and Shawls, &c. dyed to any shade or pattern, at a short notice, and on very moderate prices.

feb 2—tf

JERE WARD,

CLOCK and WATCH MAKER, No. 42 *Market street*, between Front and Second, south side, has for sale, an assortment of warranted Watches, together with Chains, Seals and Keys, of various descriptions. Also, Silver Table and Tea Spoons, at reduced prices. Clocks, Watches, &c. repaired on the most reasonable terms, and warranted to perform

aug 18—f

Oyster Rendezvous and Chop House.
NEW ARRANGEMENT

THE subscriber in tendering his thanks for the liberal patronage which has been heretofore extended to him, respectfully informs his friends and the community generally, that he has re-opened his establishment at No. 10 LIBRARY STREET, immediately facing the United States' Bank, and that he has annexed to his Hotel an

Oyster Rendezvous.

Gentlemen can be supplied with unusual dispatch at any hour through the day, with the first rate Oysters dressed to suit their wishes; and in the Chop House, with Beefsteaks, Veal Cutlets, and a variety of poultry, and choice game, and with any other article in the culinary line, which they may be disposed to prefer. The contiguity of the Banks, Coffee-House and public offices, renders his establishment unusually accommodating to persons having business at either, and he solicits a continuance of their former favours.

The Bar is abundantly supplied with liquors and refreshments, and there will be constantly on hand Genuine old Irish Whisky, for *Hot Punch.*

nov 17—tf CHARLES NEWMAN.

IRON CHEST.

ANY person having one to dispose of, may hear of a purchaser by leaving a note, directed to S. at the office of the Saturday Evening Post, stating price, size, &c.

oct 6—tf

JOB PRINTING

BANK Checks,	Law Blanks,
Prices Current,	Commercial Blanks,
Catalogues,	Policies of Insurance,
Circular Letters,	Bills of Lading,
Lottery Tickets,	Lottery Bills,

Cards, and Hand Bills of every description.

Neatly executed at a short notice, and on reasonable terms.

Atkinson & Ale[illegible]
No 33 [illegible]

THE [illegible].

"[illegible] of life, [illegible] Honour!"

A Dyer's Epitaph on his Wife.

My wife has *died* and gone to dust,
A useful wife to me;
For not a soul alive, I trust,
Has *dy'd* so much as she.

To *dye*, indeed, was all her pride,
For three score years and four;
She *dy'd* each day she liv'd—and *died*
When she could live no more.

Her name was up for *dying* well,
And ready at each call,
The hose she *dy'd* were sure to sell,
When hose were sold at all.

But she grew old—I know not why,
Her *dying* days were past;
So a'n for want of hose to *dye*,
She *died* herself at last.

HOW TO BECOME CONSEQUENTIAL.

A brow austere, a circumspective eye,
A frequent shrug of the *os humeri*,
A nod significant, a stately gait,
A Mont'ring manner, and a tone of weight,
A smile sarcastic, an expressive stare,
Adapt all these as time and place will bear,
Then rest assur'd that those of little sense
Will set you down—*A man of consequence.*

A hint to News-paper readers.—In a country news-room, the following notice is written over the chimney:—"Gentlemen learning to spell are requested to use yesterday's paper!"

Beautiful Colours.—"Your colours are beautiful," said a deeply rouged lady to a portrait painter:—"Yes," answered he, "your ladyship and I deal at the same shop."

He won't be told.—A gentleman riding near the forest of Whichwood, in Oxfordshire, asked a poor man what that wood was called: he said *Whichwood*, your honour. Why *that* wood, cried the gentleman. *Whichwood*, your honour. Why *that* wood, I tell you again: the poor man still replied *Whichwood*.—Ouns! cried the gentleman, you are as senseless as the wood itself. It may be so, answered the poor man, but you do not know *Whichwood*.

ECCENTRIC BARBER.

An eccentric barber, some years ago, opened a shop under the walls of the King's Bench prison. The windows being broken when he entered it, he mended them with paper, on which appeared '*Shave for a Penny*,' with the usual invitation to customers; and over the door was scrawled these lines:

Here lives Jemmy Wright,
Shaves as well as any man in England,
Almost—not quite.

Foote (who loved any thing eccentric) saw these inscriptions, and hoping to extract some wit from the author, whom he justly concluded to be an odd character, he pulled off his hat, and thrusting his head through a paper pane into the shop, called out, 'Is Jemmy Wright at home?' The barber immediately forced his head through another pane into the street, and replied, 'No, Sir, he has just *popt* out.'—Foote laughed heartily, and gave the man a guinea.

A FRENCHMAN AND HIS PIG.

A Frenchman, who had immediate occasion to stop under a gateway, saw a sow and litter of pigs pass him. He stood some time admiring the diversity of colours, till he found an opportunity of popping one under his coat, and running off with it. This he attempted, but was pursued by the hostler, who overtook and seized him with the pig in his possession. He was taken to Bow-street, and fully committed. When the trial came on, the circumstance of the theft being clearly proved, he was found guilty, and asked what he had to say why sentence should not be passed? 'Me Lor, I vil trouble you attendez two tree vord vat I sal say. I French gentleman, I no understand vat you call de tief dis country. Mais I vil tell you bout d'affair, and you vil find dat I am innocent. Me Lor, I never tief a pig my life time.' 'Why, it was found upon you.' 'Oh, certainly, but I was take him vid his own consent.' 'How do you mean?' 'Vy, ven I was see de mammy pig, and *his* childrens, I was very much in love vid dem; and dis little pig, I look his face, I say, you pretty little vellow, will you come live vid me for one month? He says, *a week! a week!* So I have taken him for a week, dat's all.'

CARRIAGES AND GIGS.

THE SUBSCRIBER respectfully tenders his thanks for the patronage which has heretofore been bestowed upon him, and apprizes his friends and the public that his establishment has recently been improved, and augmented to an extent which enables him to supply the calls of his customers at the most immediate notice. His carriages are not only fitted up in an elegant manner, but constructed and furnished so as to be at once comfortable and commodious—his principal care having been to accommodate them to the several seasons of the year. In the selection of his coachmen he has been particularly careful, that they should be sober and skilled, and that their appearance should correspond with the equipage. Despatch, diligence and attention, will be constantly given to those who honour him with their commands. The dimensions of his stable being very extensive, he is willing to receive Horses at Livery.

He has provided his establishment with a very elegant HEARSE FOR FUNERALS, with Horses and Furniture corresponding with the Vehicle and its purpose.

Expresses sent to any part of the country at any hours.

JOHN CARTER.

In Prune street, between 5th and 6th streets.

dec. 22—tf

J. WALTHER STORE,

[illegible] STREET, No. 58 Pine [illegible] Philadelphia, has constantly on [illegible] of LEATHER, which he has [illegible] on low, for cash or approved notes, as [illegible] in the city.

From Goodwin's Office.

ON the 12th day of February, at 3 o'clock, P. M. agreeably to the promise of the Manager, the drawing of the first Class of the new series, Union Canal Lottery took place at the Washington Hall, and the numbers drawn as follows, which determined the fate of the whole Lottery in five minutes.

No. 13—3—19—27—29

Drawn from the wheel out of thirty numbers. Having closed the above Lottery to the satisfaction of the public, the second class of the new series, with the following scheme, is offered, and to be drawn in five minutes, positively on the 11th April next, at 3 o'clock, P. M. at Washington Hall.

SCHEME.

SECOND CLASS—NEW SERIES.

1	Prize of 5,000	is	5,000
1	1,500		1,500
1	800		800
3	200		600
4	100		400
250	12		3,000
1500	6		9,000
1760 Prizes			20,300
2300 Blanks			
4060 Tickets, at $5 is			20,300

The prizes in this lottery will be determined by thirty numbers as before.

Whole tickets for sale at $5 50, Halves 2 75, Quarters 1 37½, Eighths 68¾.

Prizes to be subject as usual to 15 per cent.

Grand State Lottery.—10th Class.

Drawn on the 16th of April,

SCHEME.

1	Prize of 10,000	is	10,000
2	5,000		10,000
10	1,000		10,000
20	500		10,000
100	100		10,000
100	50		5,000
100	20		6,000
6500	6		39,000
7033 Prizes			100,000
12967 Blanks			
20,000 Tickets	5		100000

Prizes payable in 60 days after the conclusion of the Lottery.

Pennsylvania Lottery—2d Class.

SCHEME.

1 Prize of	$15,000 is	$15,000
1	8,000	8,000
1	5,000	5,000
3	2,000	6,000
5	1,000	5,000
10	500	5,000
Several	100	&c. &c.

Whole Tickets, 7 00 | Quarters, 1 75
Half do. 3 50 | Eighths, 87½
Sixteenths, 44.

The subscriber returns his thanks for the liberal support he has received from his friends and the public in his various concerns as a Commission Merchant and Broker, and begs leave to assure them that every attention shall be paid to trusts reposed; that orders for the various lotteries in different states shall have due attention—and for all prizes drawn in State Lotteries, cash will be instantly paid when drawn. Clubs and companies will be served on the most reasonable terms. Notes, bills and bonds discounted. Money advanced on mortgages—several valuable farms for sale, in Montgomery, Bucks, and other counties, by

Thomas Goodwin,
Lottery and Exchange Broker,

N. E. corner of Walnut and Third streets, No. 77.

N. B. A valuable farm, of about one hundred acres, to rent, about 14 miles from the city.—Likewise, several houses and lots in the village of Haddington, four miles from Philadelphia.

feb 23—tf

AFTER TO-DAY,

TICKETS in the following Splendid Scheme, which positively draws on the 17th of April next, advance to $6—until that time they may be procured at

FORTUNE's HOME,
127 CHESNUT STREET,

At the present price of $5,50 each:

Union Canal Lottery—10th Class.

ARCHIBALD M'INTYRE, Manager.

1	Prize of $10,000	is	$10,000
2	5,000		10,000
10	1,000		10,000
20	500		10,000
100	100		10,000
100	50		5,000
300	20		6,000
6500	6		39,000

Also for sale as above, Tickets in the PENNSYLVANIA STATE LOTTERY, which draws again on Monday, the 18th inst—present price, $7.

SCHEME:

$15,000	8,000
5,000	2,000

1,000, 500, 100, &c.

Tickets and Shares for sale at

P. CANFIELD'S
Pennsylvania State Lottery Office,
No. 127, CHESNUT STREET,

Nearly opposite and between the Post-Office and United States Bank.

The CASH will be paid for all Prizes sold at the above Office, as soon as drawn. Orders, (post paid for tickets or shares, in either or all, of the above Lotteries, thankfully received and promptly attended to—and Clubs dealt with on the most favourable terms. The *original* of all Share Tickets, sold at the above Office, will be deposited in the hands of the Manager for the security of the Purchaser. march 9—tf

The Novelist's Library, Vol. I.

JUST published, by HICKMAN & HAZZARD, No. 121 Chesnut street, THE NOVELIST'S LIBRARY, Vol. I. containing the *History of Nourjahad*, by Mrs. F. Sheridan, with a Biographical Preface, and embellished with a handsome frontispiece. Price to subscribers, 50 cts. per vol. sewed—to non-subscribers, 62½ cts. per vol.

Our friends and the public are respectfully informed, that we intend to publish, in a neat and uniform manner, two editions 32mo, and 8vo. vols. of the most popular tales, among which are, Johnson's Rasselas, Voltaire's Zadig, Almorah and Hamet, Tales of the Castle, Fairy Tales, &c. Each work to be embellished with an elegant frontispiece.

The object in printing two editions, is to offer a choice of two sizes—each will contain the same matter. Some will prefer the 32mo. on account of its being more portable, others the 8vo. for being in fewer volumes. march 2—6w

THE SUBSCRIBER

OFFERS for sale, at his Manufactory, No. 36 Carters Alley, a few doors from Third st. directly opposite Girard's Bank, an extensive supply of BOOTS and SHOES, of various kinds and qualities. Also, a handsome assortment of Eastern Shoes.

feb 2—tf JOSEPH COGGINS.

HAT STORE,

NO. 94 NORTH THIRD STREET, Philadelphia.

P. C. WILLMARTH offers to the public, whose patronage he solicits, Water-Proof Imitation Beaver Hats, which are surpassed by none, in cheapness and durability. oct 27—tf

THE SUBSCRIBER

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he has on hand at his Manufactory, No. 76 *Lombard street*, a large assortment of BASS SIDE DRUMS, TAMBOURINES, &c. which he will dispose of on the most moderate terms. THOMAS YOUNG.

feb 2—tf

WM. WALLACE,

No. 22 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

Has Received of the late Arrivals,

TEN cases of LEGHORN, containing an assortment of Mens', Womens' and Childrens' Hats and Bonnets, which will be sold by the case, dozen or otherwise, as low as they can be bought in the city.

ALSO,

Fashionable Winter Bonnets, White Chip and American Straw do. Feathers, Flowers, Ribbands, Trimmings, &c.

1 case super. black and colored Bombazeens,
1 do. Elegant Merino Shawls and Scarfs,
3 do. Nankin and Canton Crapes,
1 do. new stile Merino pattern Furniture Chintz,
Irish Linens, Sheetings, and Diapers,
An assortment of French and India Silks, Lace Veils, Shawls, &c.
4 4 Ingrain Carpeting, 4-4 English Ingrain Hemp do. a new and superior article.

With a variety of other articles in the Dry Goods and Millinary line. dec 22—tf

DRY GOODS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

THE Subscriber has just opened, and will be opening every few days, FRESH GOODS of different kinds, which he will sell on the lowest terms, for cash or good paper.

Irish Linen, of 4-4 and 7-8.
Sheetings of various kinds and qualities.
Ginghams, plaid and stripe.
Crapes of Nankin and Canton.
Furniture Chintz, of different kinds, qualities and patterns.
Calicoes, a great variety.
Waterloo Shawls, figured and plain, a variety of patterns.
Silks, of different kinds and qualities.
Flannels, red, yellow, white and green.
Red and green Baizes, Tartan Plaids.
Sewing Silks, English, India and Italian.
Diaper, for table and other uses.
Suspenders, of all sizes and qualities.
Umbrellas and Parasols.
Pocket and Neck Hdkfs.
Hosiery of different kinds.
Cambric and Book Muslins.
Figured and plain Bombazets.
Ribands, of various kinds and qualities.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Gloves.
Pins by the pack or pound.
Flag, Handanoe and other Hdkfs.
Domestic Muslins, from 12 cents to 50.
Coverlids and Counterpanes, of different kinds.
Checks, of different kinds and qualities.
Bed Ticking, from 25 cents to 75.
Cloths & Cassimeres, of different kinds, qualities and colours, from 50 cents to $10.
Blankets, from 6 4 to 14-4.
3 and 4-Point Blankets, of superior qualities.

CHEAP CARPETING.

He has also on hand, CARPETING of different kinds and qualities, of Kidderminster, Venitian and Domestic—and will open in a few days some elegant new patterns, with a general assortment of Carpet Bindings.

☞ Orders will be punctually attended to, and goods sent with care. Apply at No. 48 Market street, two doors below Second, and next door to the Washington Museum.

march 9—eo6w JESSE SHARPLESS.

BALM OF COLUMBIA,

An important recent Chemical discovery.

THE ladies and gentlemen of this city and elsewhere, are respectfully informed, that John Oldridge has fortunately discovered, by the power of chemistry, the grand desideratum of preventing Hair from falling off in FORTY-EIGHT HOURS. This balm will most absolutely, in the course of a short time, make the Hair grow *healthy* and *thick*. J. O. is well aware that many fraudulent and impositious Oils, &c have been imposed on the public, and therefore prejudice will be severe against his discovery, until trial shall convince his patrons that such a thing exists in nature as a certain preventative against the loss of hair. This valuable balm will cause whiskers and beards to grow rapidly. No danger need be apprehended to the human system by the application of this capillary restorative. The public may rest assured that it helps nature, and is perfectly harmless.

Prepared and sold, at $1 a pint, or 50 cents for a half pint bottle, by JOHN OLDRIDGE, No. 55½ South Front street, Philadelphia.

RECOMMENDATION.

WE, the undersigned, do hereby certify, that we have, in various cases, used the Balm of Columbia, lately discovered by John Oldridge, of Philadelphia, and have found it highly serviceable not only as a preventative against the falling off of hair, but also as a restorative. We, therefore, feel assured of its excellence, and consider it valuable and well worthy the attention of the public. In testimony whereof, we have added our respective signatures, and given it our warmest recommendation.

Abraham A. Robinson, 55 South Front street.
Cromwell French, 1 Taylor's alley, S Front st.
John Fink, Plumb street, between 3d and 4th.
John Cook, 55 Penn street. jan 26—tf

JOHN M'CLOUD, 46 Market street,

KEEPS constantly on hand, a large and general assortment of Ready made HATS, which he will sell at very reduced prices. Customers supplied at a short notice, on reasonable terms. feb 2—tf

JAMES BIRD,

BOOT AND SHOEMAKER,

NO. 23 north Tenth street, respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he has commenced the Boot and Shoemaking business, and trusts by strict attention to merit a share of public patronage. feb 2—tf

REMOVAL.

ROBERT THOMPSON has removed his Establishment from No. 7, North Front Street, to No. 137, WASHINGTON STREET, NEW-YORK, where in future it will be conducted under the firm of

ROBERT THOMPSON & CO.

Who have received by the late arrivals from Liverpool a choice and valuable assortment of HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GENUINE (L) ENGLISH BLISTER CROWLEY, SHEAR, and BEST REFINED CAST STEEL, which they will sell to Wholesale Dealers on very reasonable terms.

feb. 16—6t*

DAVID EVANS,

OF the late firm of David and Joseph Evans, has Opened a Commission MOROCCO and LEATHER STORE, No. 27 *Chesnut street*, between Second and Front streets, Philadelphia, where he will sell all kinds of Leather on Commission for Country Tanners and others, and always keeps a general assortment of Morocco, of various colours, on hand—he likewise purchases Spanish Hides and Tanners Oil for those who may want. A large assortment of GOAT SKINS is expected shortly, on consignment.

Being brought up to the Tanning and Currying he considers himself a judge of Leather and Hides. He will also receive SHOES to sell on Commission. ☞ *All which will be attended to with fidelity.* feb 2—tf

SILVIERA & BROWNE,

WOOLLEN DRAPERS AND TAILORS, No. 83 *South Second street*, most respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, they will furnish every article in their line of business on the most reasonable terms.

ON HAND,

A handsome assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, together with a variety of Ready made Pantaloons and Vests.

Also, a fine assortment of Tartan Plaid Cloaks, which will be disposed of very low for cash.

jan 5—tf

WALDREN BEACH,

86 LOMBARD STREET,

MANUFACTURES and has for Sale, in Wholesale quantities, the following articles:—

Cake, Canister and Roll Blacking—Windsor Soap, and Wash Balls—Pomatum, Ink Powder, Glass Paper, &c. &c.

N. B The Manufacturer will sell in Wholesale quantities only, to Stores, and those wishing to Retail feb 2—tf

S. Page & C. P. Lisle,

BROKERS, SCRIVENERS AND ACCOUNTANTS, No. 8, South Fifth street. Persons having money to put out at interest, may be accommodated with a variety of property in the city or county—Also, bills, bonds, and notes of hand discounted at their office, where Real Estate of every description, Mortgages, Military Lands, Stock and Ground Rents, are bought and sold on Commission; Naturalization Papers for Aliens drawn; Pensions secured; Mechanics' Books posted; Insolvents' Petitions drawn, and their business attended to throughout; Writings of all kinds correctly executed; Money always to be had on good security; and generally in the performance of all duties or services, wherein the aid of an agent or attorney, may be convenient or useful.

N. B. A Register of Real Estate, &c. kept open for insertion and insertion. Twenty five cents charge for an entry. Jan. 12—6m

VENETIAN BLINDS,

MADE painted, and fitted up in the best possible manner, at the Columbian Shade Manufactory, No. 104, North Fifth Street, Philadelphia, cheap for cash, or in exchange for Merchandise. As the subscriber devotes the whole of his time to this business, he flatters himself that he can give better satisfaction to his employers than those who are involved in a labyrinth of professions.—Orders from any part of the country executed with fidelity and despatch, by the public's faithful servant, JOHN YATMAN.

Jan 12—6m

CHESNUT WARD HOTEL,

Back of No. 3 South Fourth Street.

JOHN CLULEY takes leave most respectfully to return his grateful thanks for the encouragement he has received in his recent establishment—and to inform his friends and the public, that they can be regularly supplied with A-LA-MODE BEEF SOUP, prepared in the very best manner, every day, (Sundays excepted,) from 8 o'clock, A. M. to 3 P. M.—SALLADS, &c. &c.

☞ FAMILIES supplied.

Dinners and Suppers at the shortest notice.

N B J. C has excellent rooms for the accommodation of Arbitrators, Clubs, Societies, &c.

nov 10—tf

HARDWARE.

A GENERAL assortment of IRONMONGERY, CUTLERY, &c. may be constantly obtained on moderate terms, by Store-keepers and others, for cash or credit, at the subscriber's store, No. 57 Market, third door below Second street.

THOMAS SHIPLEY.

Jan. 12—6m

Mrs. Shallus's Circulating Library,

No. 94 SOUTH THIRD STREET.

MRS. S. informs her friends and the public in general, that she continues her establishment at No. 94 South Third street, where may be had, all the latest English and American publications.

In consequence of the present scarcity of money, all subscriptions commenced after the first of February, 1822, will be at $5 per year, $2 75 for 6 months, and $1 50 per quarter—Payable in advance.

N. B. Catalogues of the Library are just published, in which are included all the works.

feb 23—tf

Wholesale and Retail Brewery.

THE Subscriber informs his friends and the public, that they can be supplied with FRESH BEER and ALE, at the following prices, viz. from five gallons and upwards, at the rate of 18¾ cents per gallon—Table Beer at 6¼ cents per gallon, Yeast, &c. WM. STEVENS,

No. 64, corner of Gray's alley and Front street.

sept 15—tf

MAHOGANY.

JOHN JAMES, jun. Cabinet, Chair and Venitian Blind Maker, No. 28 *North Fifth street*, a few doors above the sign of the White Horse, and next door to the sign of the Lamb, has for sale, MAHOGANY in Plank, Boards and Veneers. Also, COPAL, JAPAN and SPIRIT VARNISH, and GLUE.

N. B. Orders promptly executed on reasonable terms. 2 mo 2—tf

JAMES B. WOOD,

42 *SPRUCE, between Front and Second streets,*
(Near the Drawbridge, Philadelphia,)

MANUFACTURES and keeps constantly on hand, the Patent Wheat Fans, and the old Dutch Fans; likewise, Fans for cleaning Coffee and Rice, and all other Grain.

CUTTING BOXES, of a superior kind, may be had as above, and others of all sorts and sizes.

FARMING UTENSILS, of every description, for sale at reasonable prices.

Orders for Shipping, or other purposes, will be supplied at the shortest notice, on moderate terms. feb 23—tf

FRUIT TREES FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber having purchased that old established Nursery formerly the property of Samuel Coles, deceased, in addition to his former establishment, will be enabled to furnish his customers with a large and general assortment of APPLE, PEAR, PLUM, PEACH, CHERRY and APRICOT TREES.

Catalogues may be had by applying to the Subscriber, or can be sent to Market street Ferry, upper side, if required, any day except Sunday.

JOSEPH FRENCH, Jun.

Moorestown, (N. J.) Oct. 20, 1821—6m

FOR SALE,

BY C. P. WAYNE,

At the South-West corner of Fourth and Market streets, Philadelphia,

LOOKING GLASSES,

OF ALL KINDS,

BRASS Andirons, Shovels and Tongs, Knives and Forks, Candlesticks, Lamps, Teutanic Tea and Coffee Pots, Castors, Tea Trays, Waiters, Snuffers and Trays, Bellows, Pen Knives, Razors and Scissors, and a great many other articles for HOUSEKEEPERS, which will be sold cheap for CASH.

At the above Store may be had, an assortment of

DRY GOODS.

feb 9—6t

CEYLON TOOTH-ACHE [illegible]

THE recipe for this [illegible] sent by a gentleman [illegible] friend in England, where it is [illegible] highly approved, being a powerful TOOTH-ACHE [illegible] in purifying the Breath; causes the Teeth to be [illegible] improves the enamel and strengthens [illegible] Very few have been known to have the [illegible] or Rheumatism in the Gums, who have used it. For sale by THOMAS [illegible] Agent for the proprietor, No. 141 [illegible]

A liberal discount made to those who [illegible] again. Also a choice assortment of [illegible]

Jan. 12—6m

Samuel Mason jun.

CLOCK and WATCH MAKER, has [illegible] from No. 167 Chesnut street to No. [illegible] ket street, north side, between Ma[illegible] streets, where he offers for sale, [illegible] warranted patent Lever, Repeating [illegible] es. Also, Gold, Gilt and Steel Chains [illegible] *Clocks and Watches carefully repaired.*

A. NICHOLLS, Saw-[illegible]

No. 118 SOUTH FRONT STREET,

HAS lately commenced manufacturing of various descriptions, such as [illegible] German Hand and Panel Saws, Cabinet [illegible] man Iron-back Saws, Brass-back [illegible] Saw Webs, Breaking, Turning and [illegible] Lock and Key-hole Saws, Circular [illegible] Circular Saws, with Spindle [illegible] in the neatest manner.

Cotton Gin Saws, made to any [illegible]

All the above Saws, in point of workmanship, is warranted superior to [illegible] which will be sold, wholesale or retail [illegible] cash. Also, on hand, a Stock of [illegible] TOOLS, in general.

ITALIAN SCHOOL

PERSONS desirous of learning the LANGUAGE, are informed [illegible] scriber intends opening a School [illegible] ficient number of Scholars are [illegible]

Further information may be [illegible] subject, by calling at Robinson's [illegible] Chesnut street.

march 9—4t

ALL PERSONS

INDEBTED to the estate of [illegible] deceased, are requested to make [illegible] those having demands upon said [illegible] their accounts, property attested, to

CATHARINE PARKER,
In Eighth st. between [illegible]

march 9—3t*

SPANISH HOTEL

THE Subscriber offers for Sale, [illegible] ment, No. 80 Chesnut street, [illegible] (the stand formerly occupied by [illegible] a fresh and extensive supply of [illegible] in fine order, and of an excellent [illegible] from 15 to 31 lbs. which he will [illegible] for cash or acceptances—and all kinds [illegible] will be taken at the highest price [illegible] Hides. DAV[illegible]

jan 19—tf

BENJAMIN RICHARD[illegible]

LATE from Sheffield, File [illegible] Cutler, No. 77 SOUTH SECOND [illegible] has commenced manufacturing [illegible] and Forks, Razors of the first quality [illegible] for use, Scissors made to order [illegible] lery, of every description, ground [illegible] repaired in the best manner, and [illegible] notice. Blades, of the best cast steel [illegible] knive handles, and warranted goods [illegible] and forks repaired, either with new [illegible] dles; Old Files re-cut and made [illegible]

oct 6—tf

QUILL MANUFACTORY

KREYMBORG & HAGEDORN, No. [illegible] nut, Philadelphia, has on hand and [illegible] for sale, all kinds of Clarified Yellow and [illegible] Manufactured QUILLS, from $2 [illegible] thousand.

John and Thomas Cluley,

WIRE FENDER and CAGE MAKERS, [illegible] South Fourth street, next door to the [illegible] Queen, manufacture all articles in the [illegible] on reasonable terms. Orders from any [illegible] the U. States promptly attended to. feb [illegible]

R. L. JENNINGS,

GIVES lessons upon his system of [illegible] HAND, at No. 2 South Eighth street [illegible] dies or Gentlemen desirous of acquiring [illegible] rough knowledge of this art, may be assured [illegible] from its simplicity, a person of ordinary [illegible] will, in less than two weeks, be able to [illegible] write it correctly and expeditiously. feb 23

THE BUSINESS

FORMERLY conducted by T. W. LEVI[illegible] deceased, Bell Caster, Brass Founder, Hanger and Locksmith, is still continued [illegible] old established stand, No. 79 SOUTH [illegible] STREET—a capable person engaged, [illegible] Hangs Church, Turret, and Ship Bells, on [illegible] able terms. House Bells, in town or country [illegible] ly hung, Locks, Jacks, and all sorts of [illegible] niture, neatly repaired. Keys fitted to Locks. Locks picked at the shortest notice.

A share of public patronage is respectfully [illegible] licited. feb 2—

FANCY CHAIRS.

THE Subscribers have on hand, a large [illegible] ment of FANCY CHAIRS, made of the [illegible] materials, which they will sell low for Cash. No. 50 CHESNUT STREET, Philadelphia.

GEORGE C LENTI[illegible]
feb 2—tf JOHN PATTERSON.

Silk, Cotton and Woollen Dye[illegible]

S. WILLIAMSON, No. 38, North [illegible] Street, Philadelphia, respectfully [illegible] the Dry Good Merchants, that he still [illegible] the above business, of Dying French and [illegible] Crapes, Levantines, Mantua and Florence [illegible] Sattins, Velvets, Gauzes, Sewing Silks, [illegible] &c. and restores Silks to their original [illegible] Bombazets, Bombazeens, Poplins, [illegible] Cassimeres, Waterloo Shawls Dyed, [illegible] Sponged, and every article of Clothing.

S. W. flatters himself, from his long experience in the above business, all those who may favour him with their orders he hopes he will be able to give general satisfaction. jan 12

Hamilton Village Inn.

ROBERT SHAW, Victualler, respectfully informs his friends and the public, and [illegible] Victuallers, that he has taken the above [illegible] ment for the accommodation of those who [illegible] honour him with their custom. Good and [illegible] Sheds for Horses, together with Pens for [illegible] and accommodations for Drovers, Farmers, [illegible] gopers, &c. mar. 1[illegible]

Money to Loan on Mortgage.

SEVERAL Sums of different amounts, [illegible] thousand to fifty thousand Dollars, to [illegible] approved security in the City or County of [illegible] delphia. Apply to ISAAC ELLIOTT, [illegible] Chesnut street feb [illegible]

WANTED,

A HAND to the Hair Dressing Business, [illegible] constant employment and good wages [illegible] given. No one who is not a good workman [illegible] apply. C. DO[illegible]

mar 15—3t* No. 420 North Second [illegible]